

Joe balances a stationary coin on the tip of his finger 20 cm from the top of the table. How much work is Joe doing?



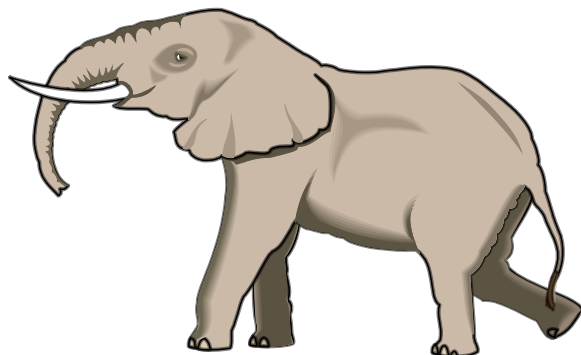
None,  
because  
no movement

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How much work does the elephant do while moving a circus wagon 20 meters with a pulling force of 200N?

$$200\text{N} \cdot 20\text{m}$$

$$4000\text{J}$$



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A 900N mountain climber scales a 110 m cliff.  
how much work is done by the mountain climber.

$$900\text{N} \cdot 110\text{m}$$
$$99000\text{J}$$

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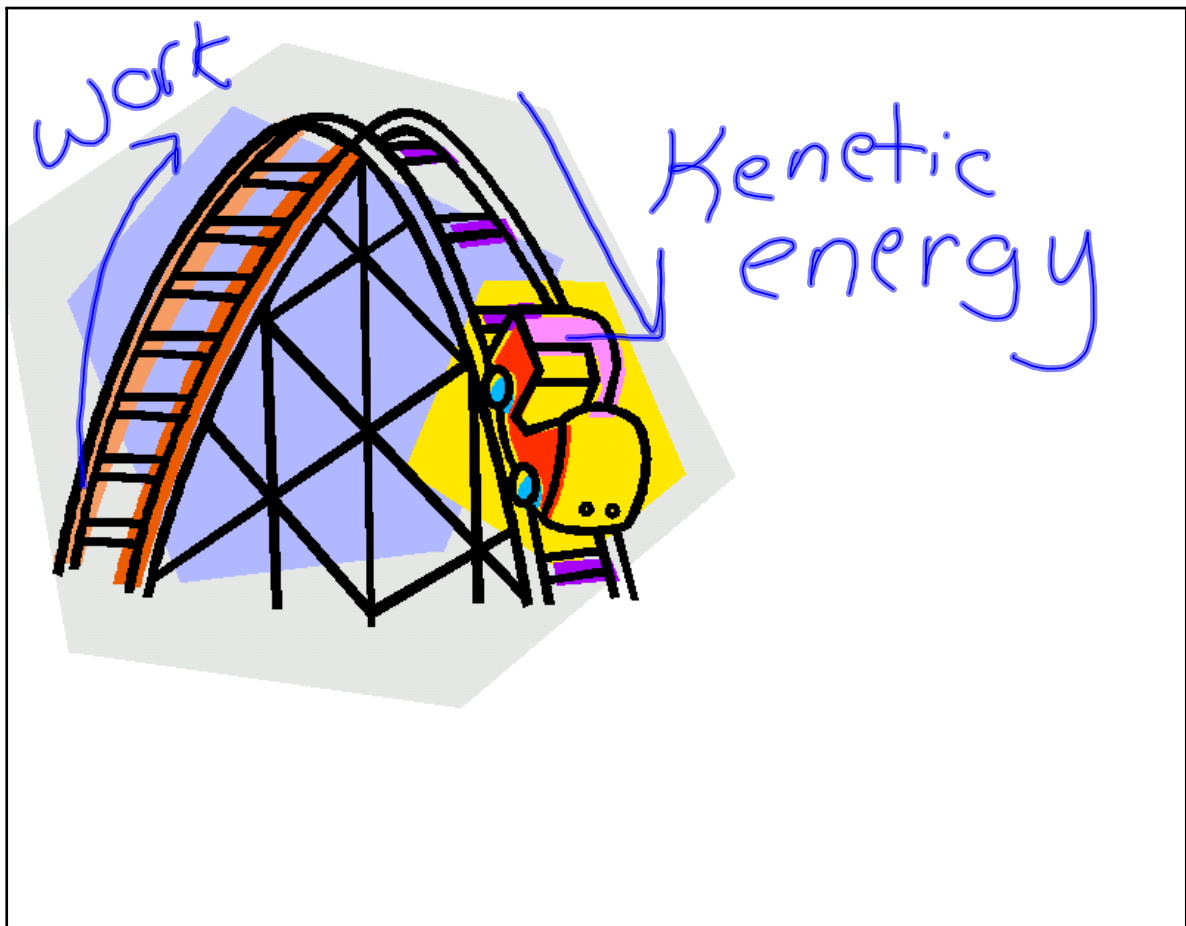
What is energy?

Sun water  
Food  
Sleep  
Coffee light

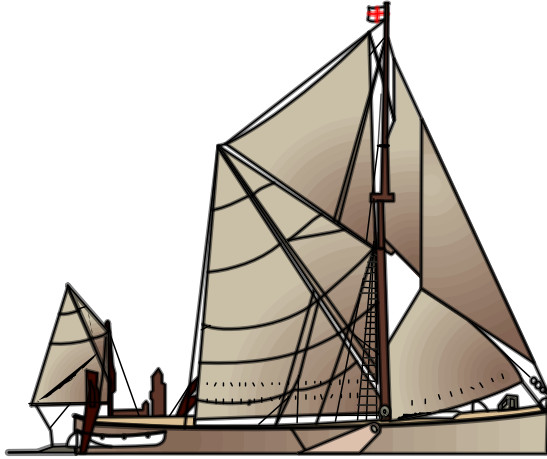
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Kinetic energy-the energy of motion for example, as a roller coaster car crashes downhill, its kinetic energy increases, the amount of kinetic energy possessed by an object is never greater than the amount of work done on that object

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KE  
when  
moving

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Formula for kinetic energy (KE)

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} m \cdot v^2$$

mass      velocity  
kg          m/s

What are their units?

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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

What is 3 kg?

- A. Mass
- B. Energy
- C. Distance
- D. Velocity
- E. Force
- F. Time

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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

What is the equation for  $E_k$ ?

- A.  $E_k = (1/2)mv^2$  ←
- B.  $E_k = mv^2$
- C.  $E_k = mgh$
- D.  $E_k = ma$

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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Equation: } E_k = (1/2)mv^2$$

What does  $v^2$  mean?

A.  $v \times v$  

B.  $2 \times v$

C.  $v \times 2$

D.  $v + 2$



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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Equation: } E_k = (1/2)mv^2$$

Which of the following is correct?

A.  $E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})^2$  

B.  $E_k = (1/2) \times (2 \text{ m/s}) \times (3 \text{ kg})^2$

C.  $E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})$

D.  $E_k = 2 \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})$

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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Equation: } E_k = (1/2)mv^2$$

$$E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})^2$$

What does  $(2 \text{ m/s})^2$  equal?

A. 4 

B. 2

C. 1

D. 8

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*A 3 kg ball is rolling 2 m/s. How much kinetic energy does it have?*

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Equation: } E_k = (1/2)mv^2$$

$$E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})^2$$

$$E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (4 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2)$$

So,  $E_k = ?$

A. 6 

B. 8

C. 4

D. 9

E. 10

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$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

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$$\text{Equation: } E_k = (1/2)mv^2$$

$$E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (2 \text{ m/s})^2$$

$$E_k = (1/2) \times (3 \text{ kg}) \times (4 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2)$$

$$E_k = 6$$

What are the units for  $E_k$ ?

A.  $E_k = 6 \text{ J}$  ←

B.  $E_k = 6 \text{ N}$

C.  $E_k = 6 \text{ m}$

D.  $E_k = 6 \text{ w}$

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What is the kinetic energy of a 45 kg object moving at 13 m/sec?

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$
$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}(45 \cdot (13^2))$$
$$\frac{1}{2}(45 \cdot 169)$$
$$\frac{1}{2}(7605)$$
$$3802.5 \text{ J}$$

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A 6 kg rock is thrown with a velocity of 10 m/sec.  
What is the kinetic energy of the rock?

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \\ & \frac{1}{2} [6 \cdot (10^2)] \\ & \frac{1}{2} [6 \cdot 100] \\ & \frac{1}{2} (600) \\ & 300 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

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