

Notes on Chapter 6-2

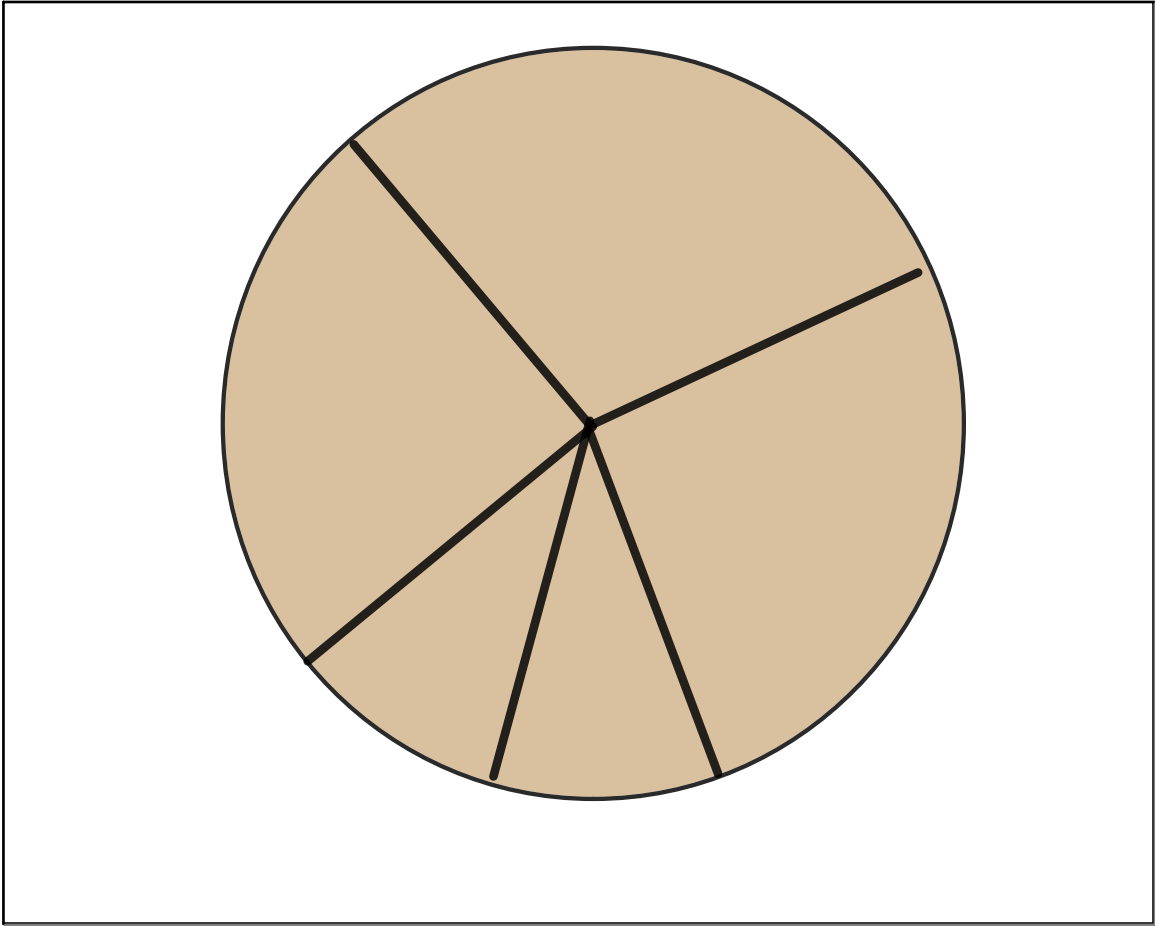
Nov 11 - 7:20 AM

Cell Cycle is the cell division on a eukaryotic cell.

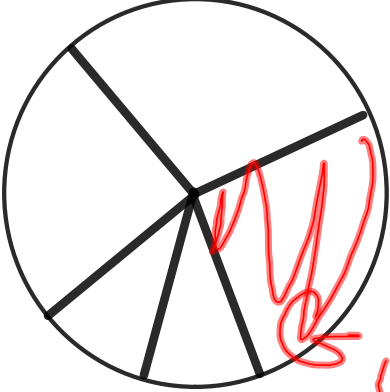
 Cell w/ a nucleus

Cell cycle- a repeating sequence of cellular growth and division during the life of an organism.

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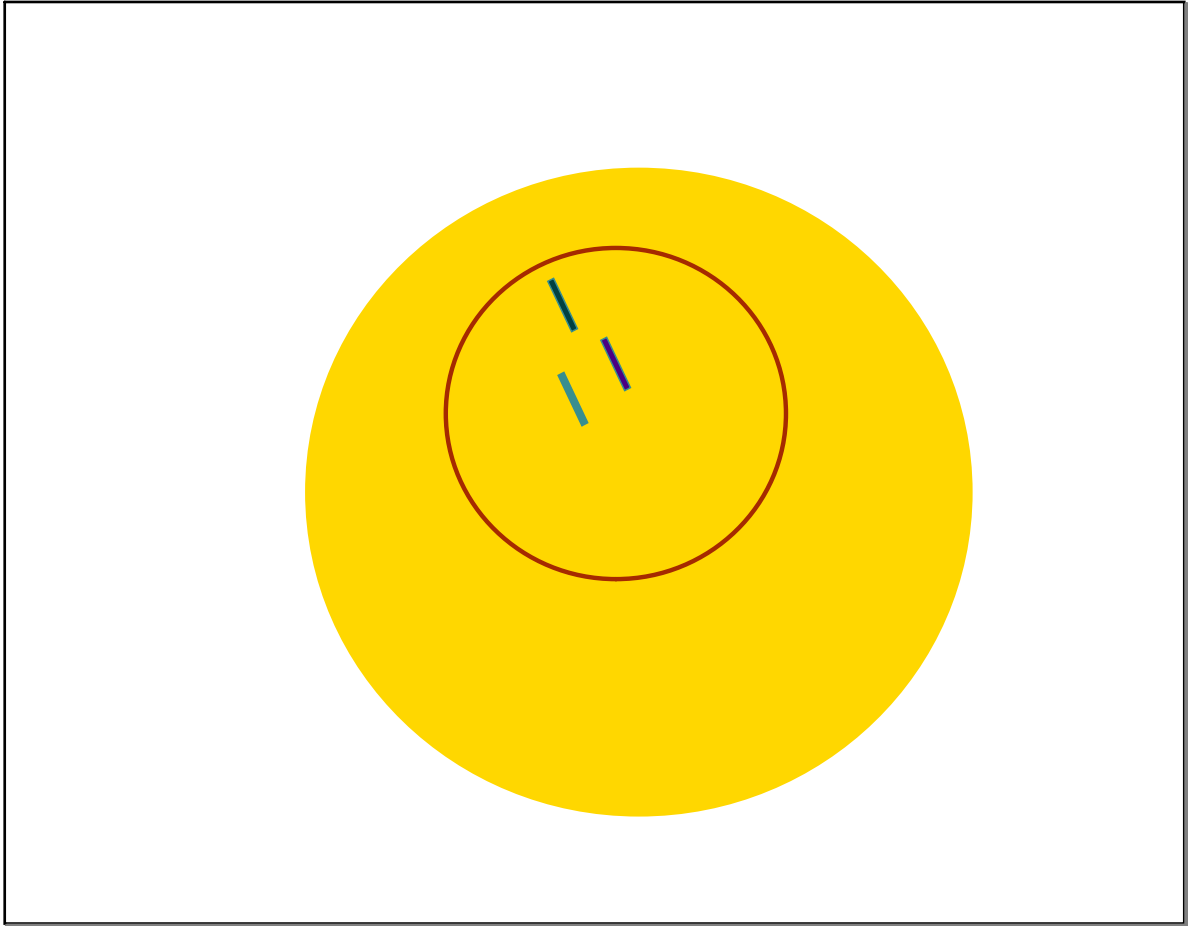


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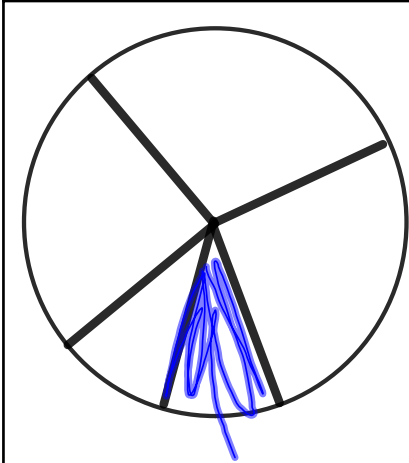


G₁ The first growth phase. A cell carries out its functions and grows. Cells that are not dividing stay in G₁

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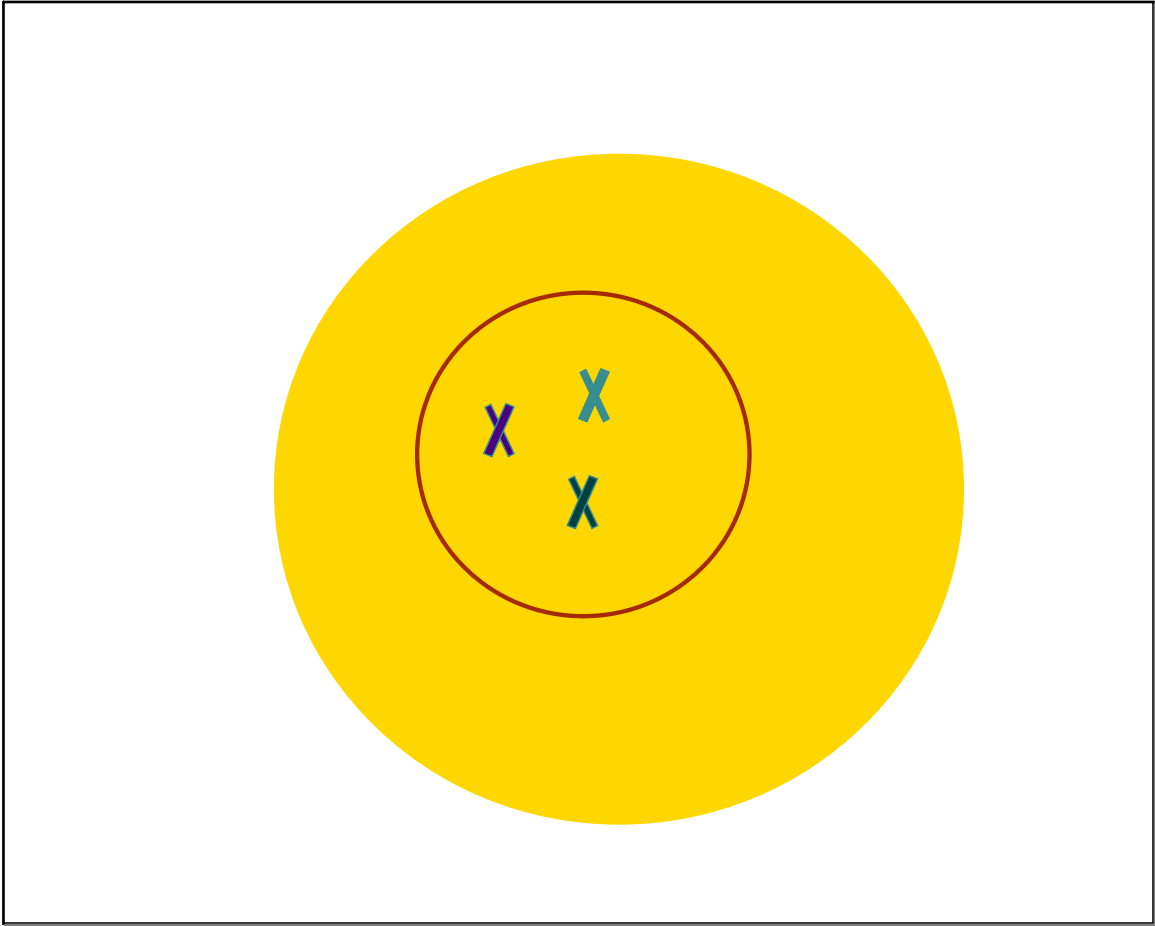
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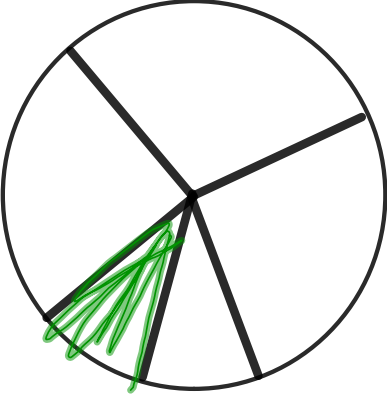
S phase- Synthesis- a cell's DNA is copied. At the end of this phase each chromosome consists of two chromatids attached at the centromere.



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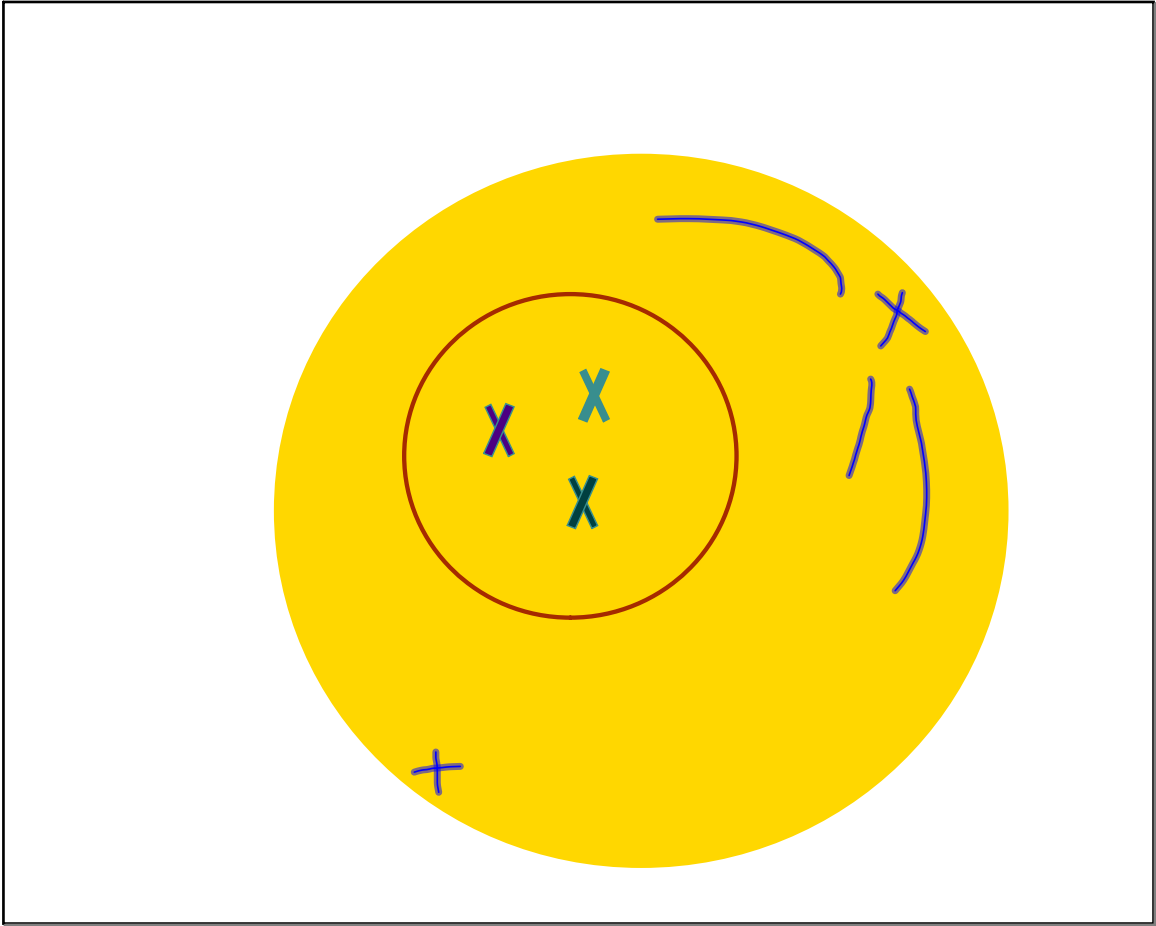
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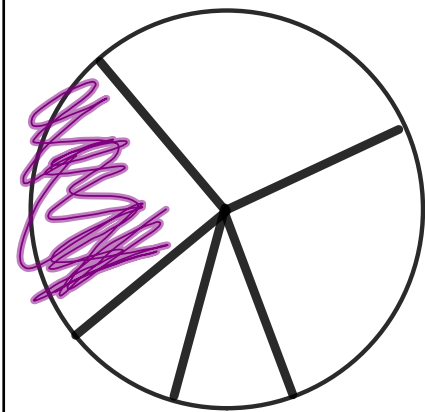
G₂ phase. The second growth phase. The cell prepares to divide. Microtubules are assembled.

The diagram on the left shows a circle representing a cell. Three black lines radiate from a central point towards the perimeter, representing the spindle apparatus. A fan of green lines is drawn on the left side, radiating from the center, representing the assembly of microtubules.

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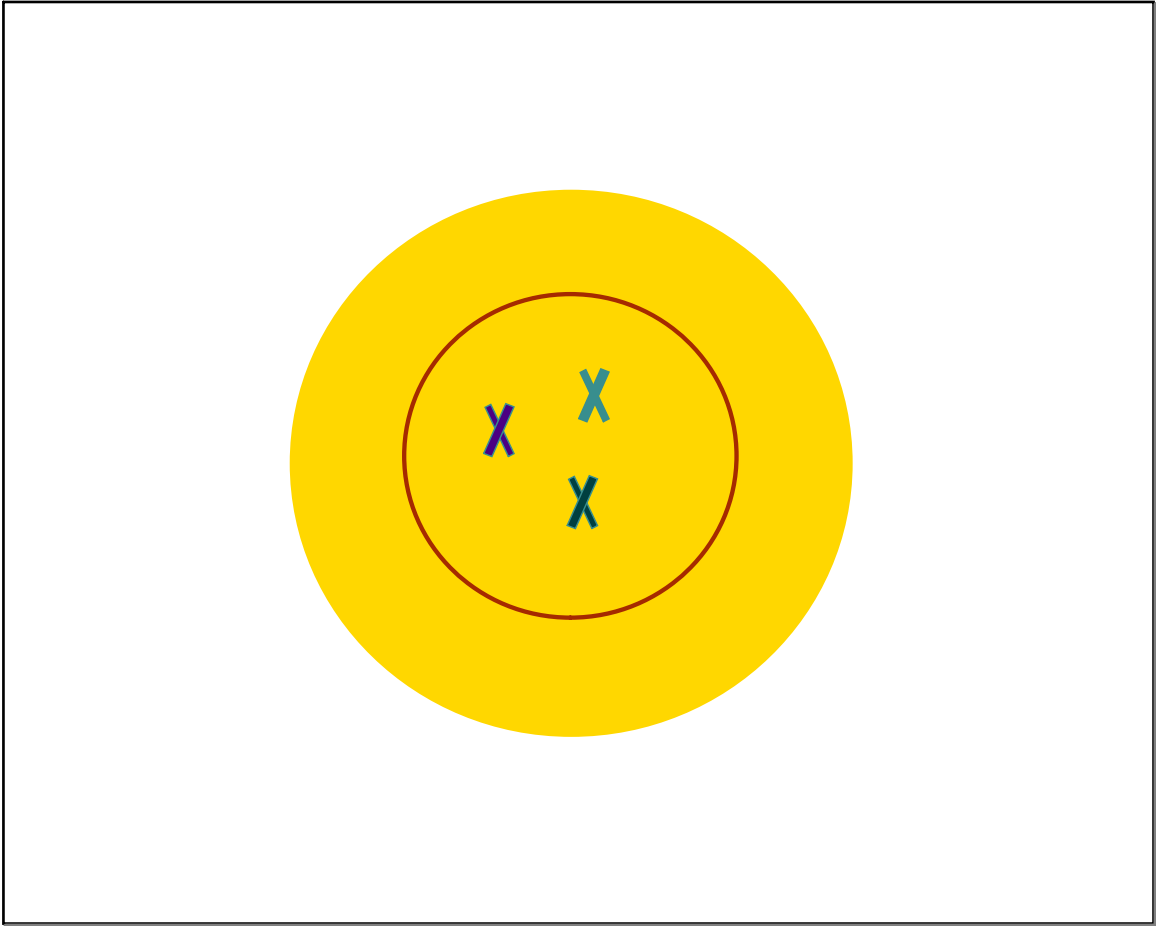


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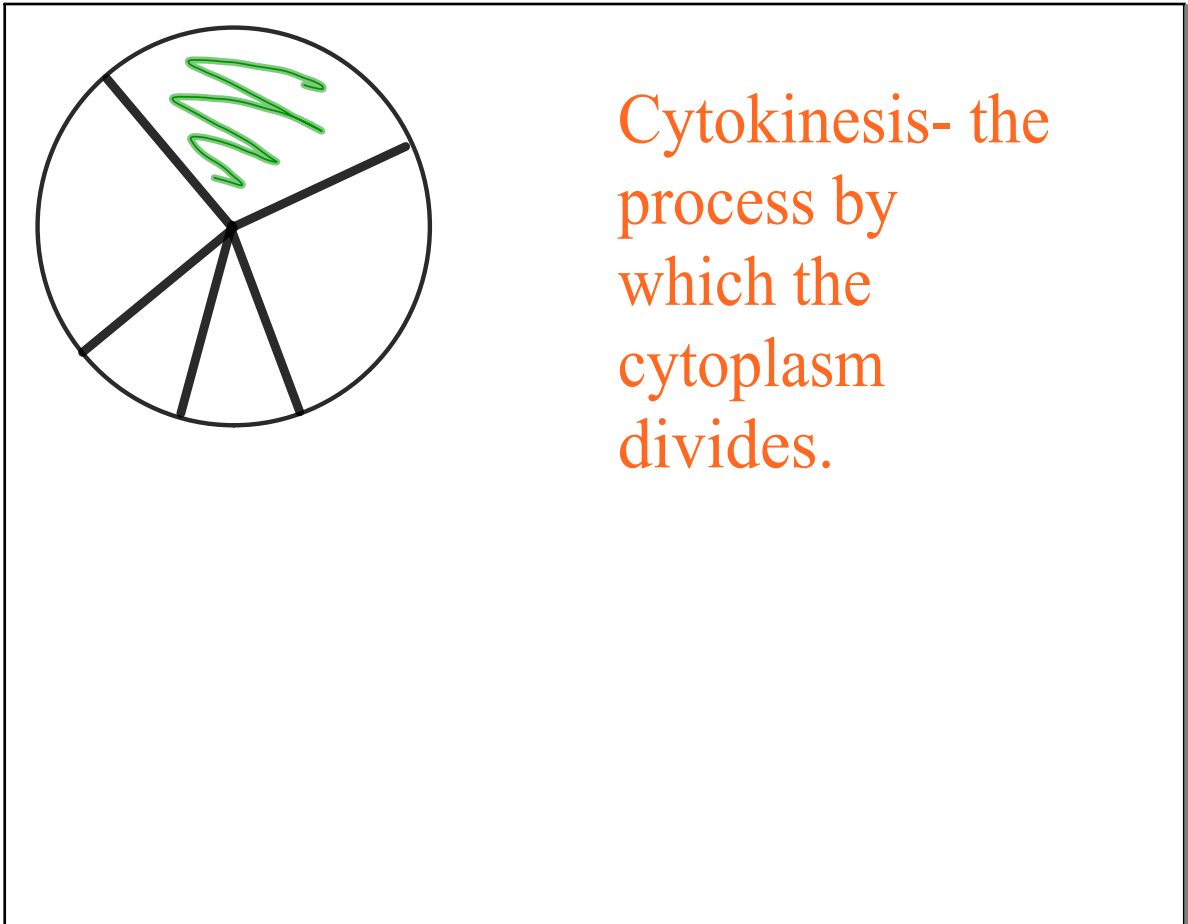


Mitosis- The process of cell division. The cell divides into two nuclei.

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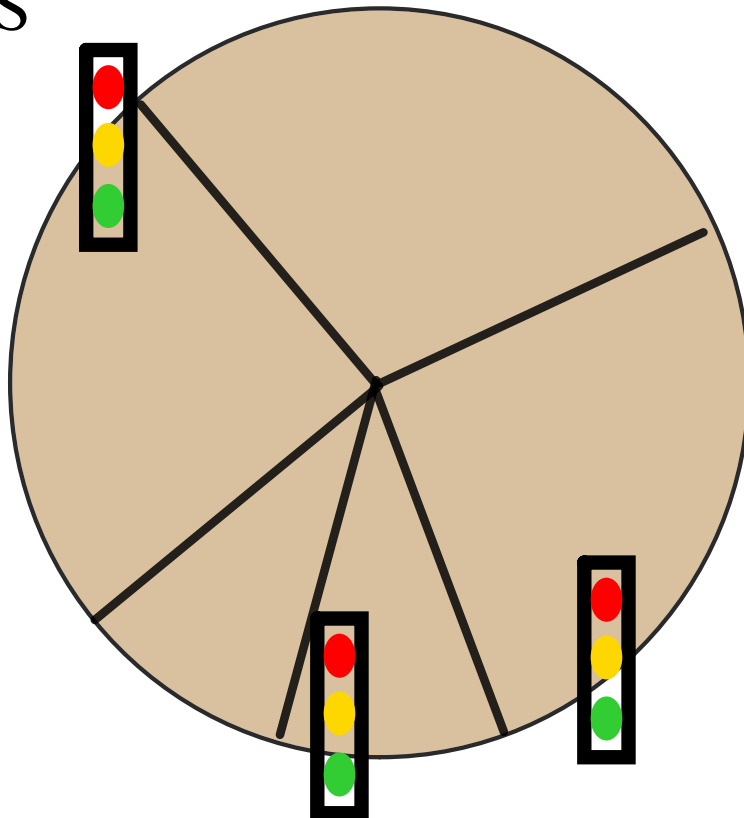
Cytokinesis- the process by which the cytoplasm divides.

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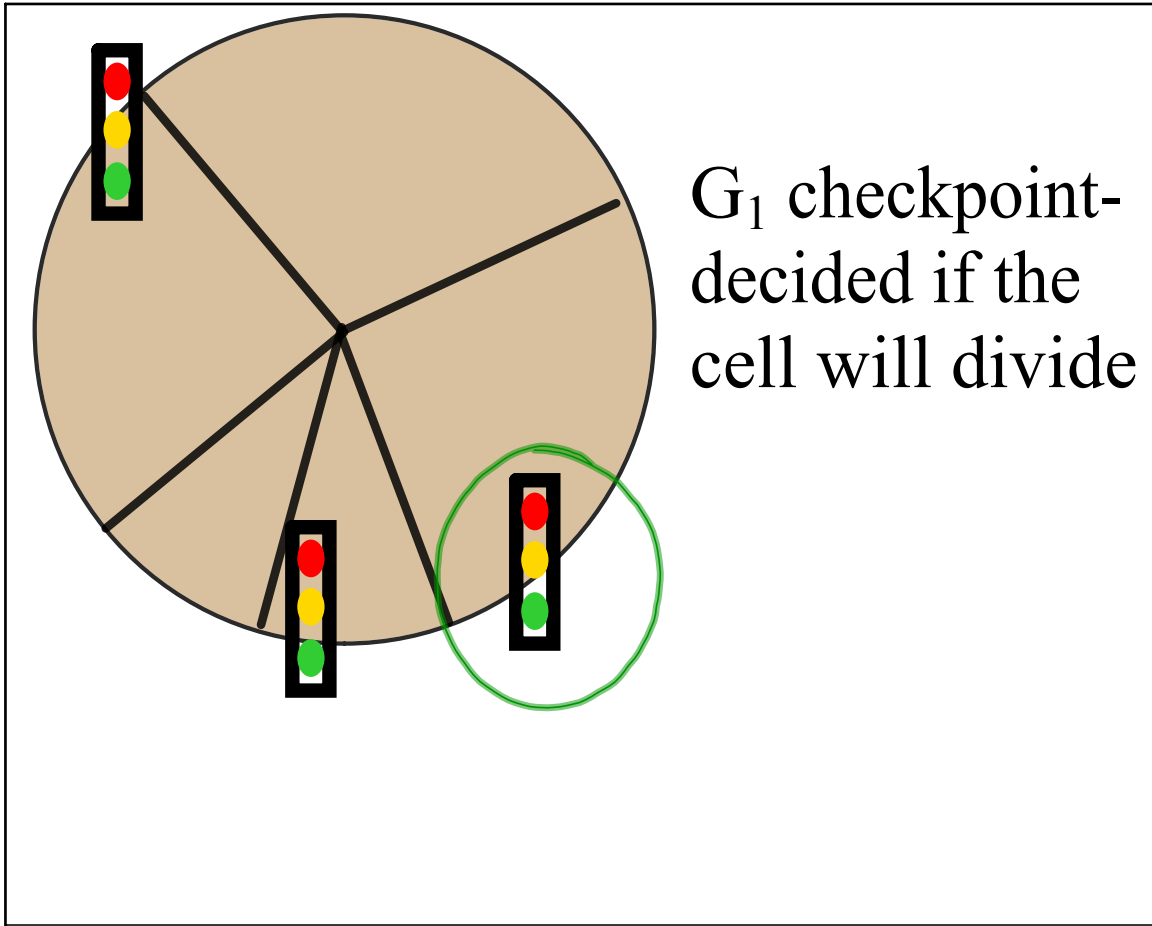
Cytokinesis

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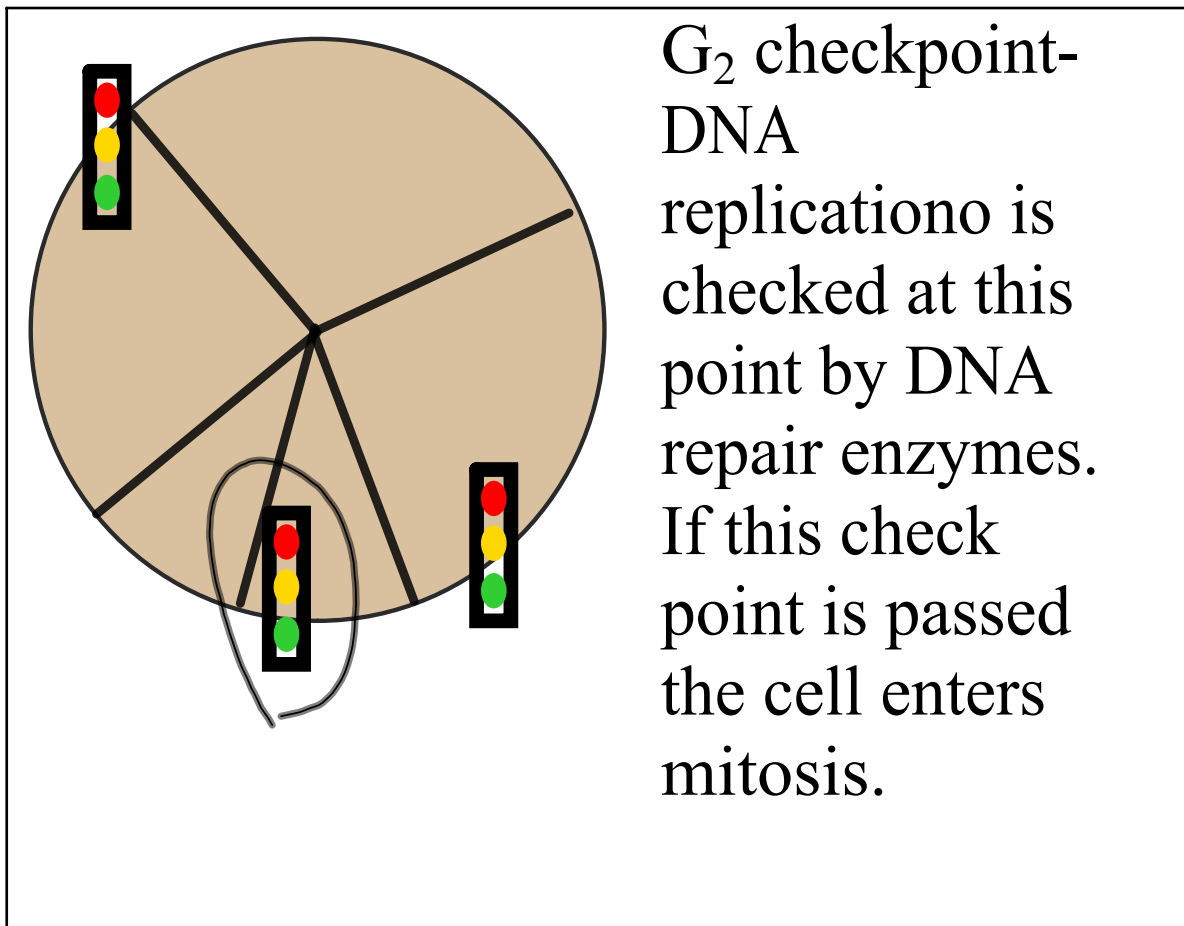
STOPS



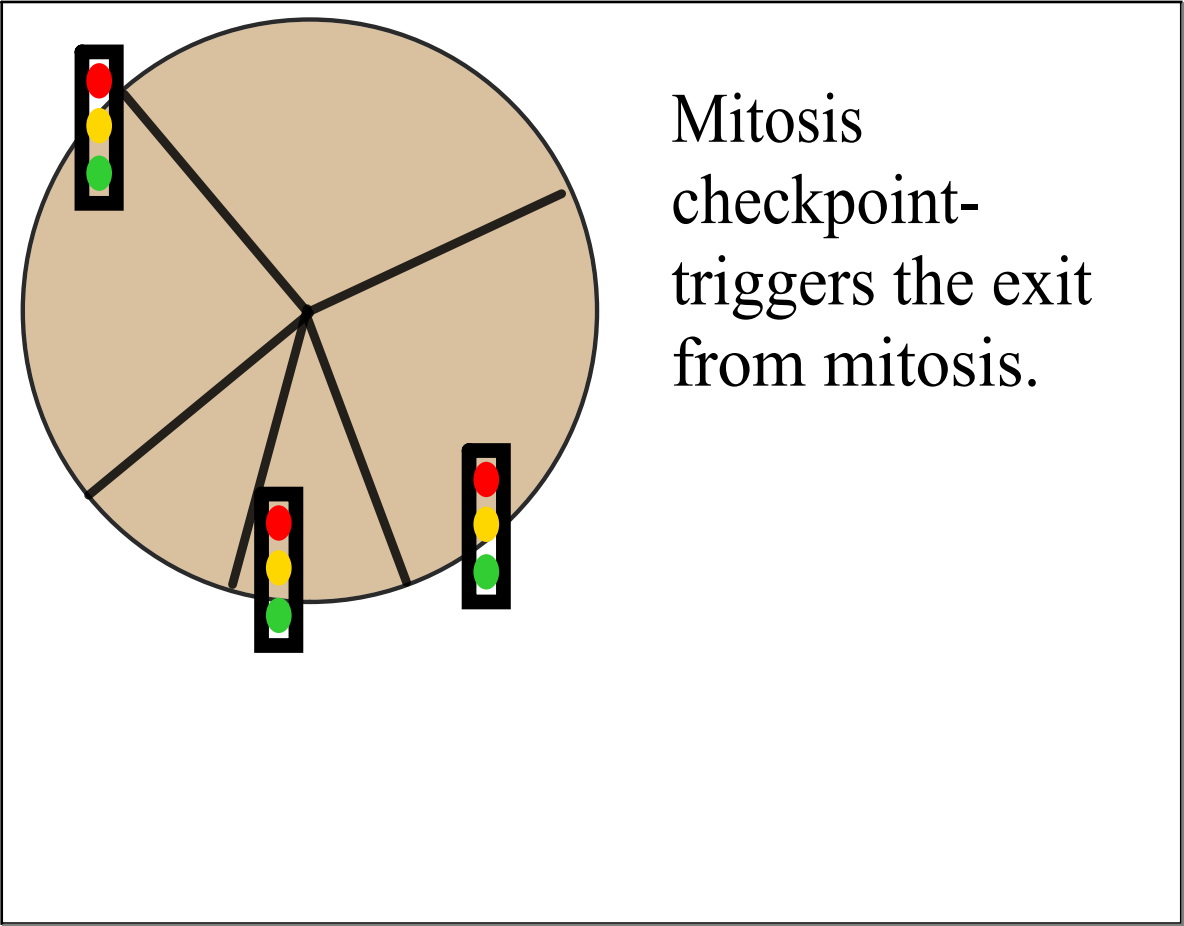
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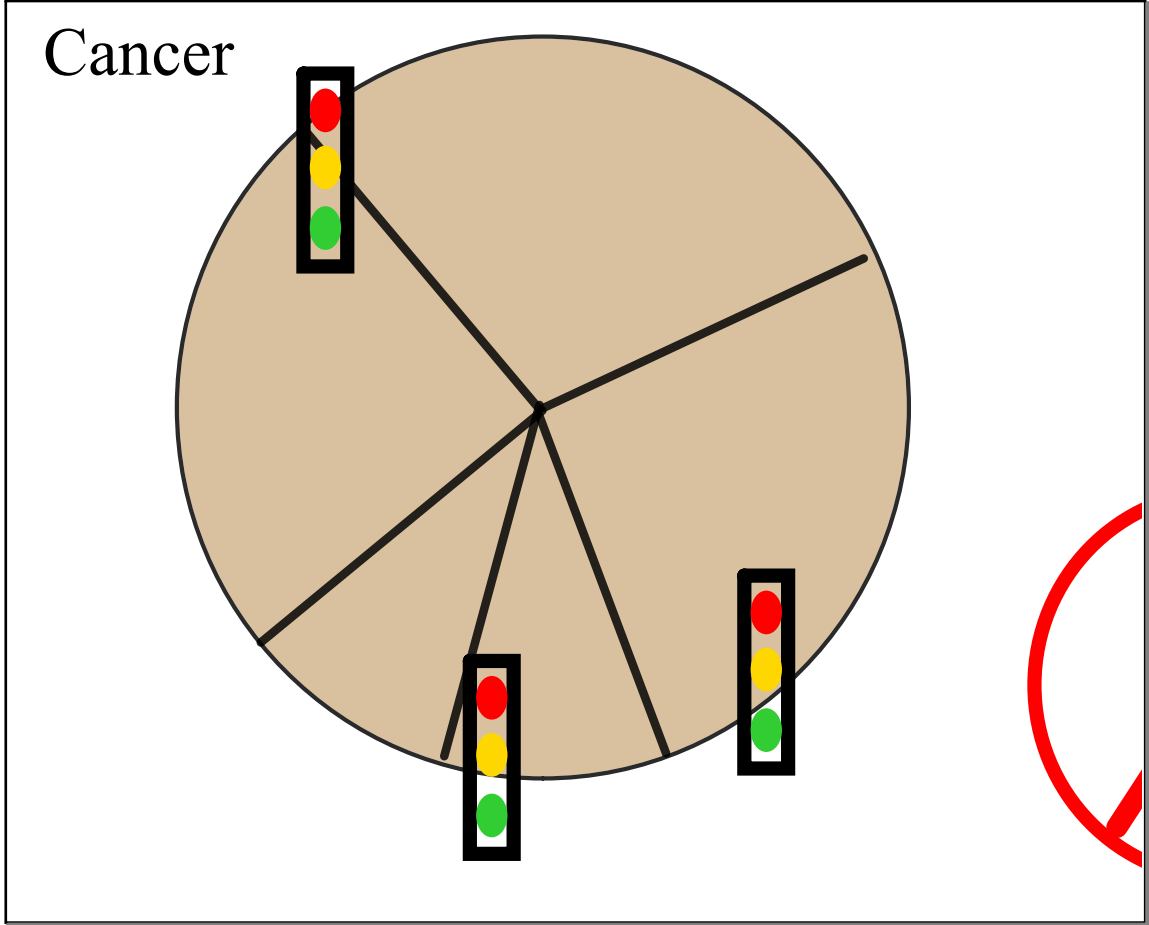
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Concept Mapping Worksheet

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