

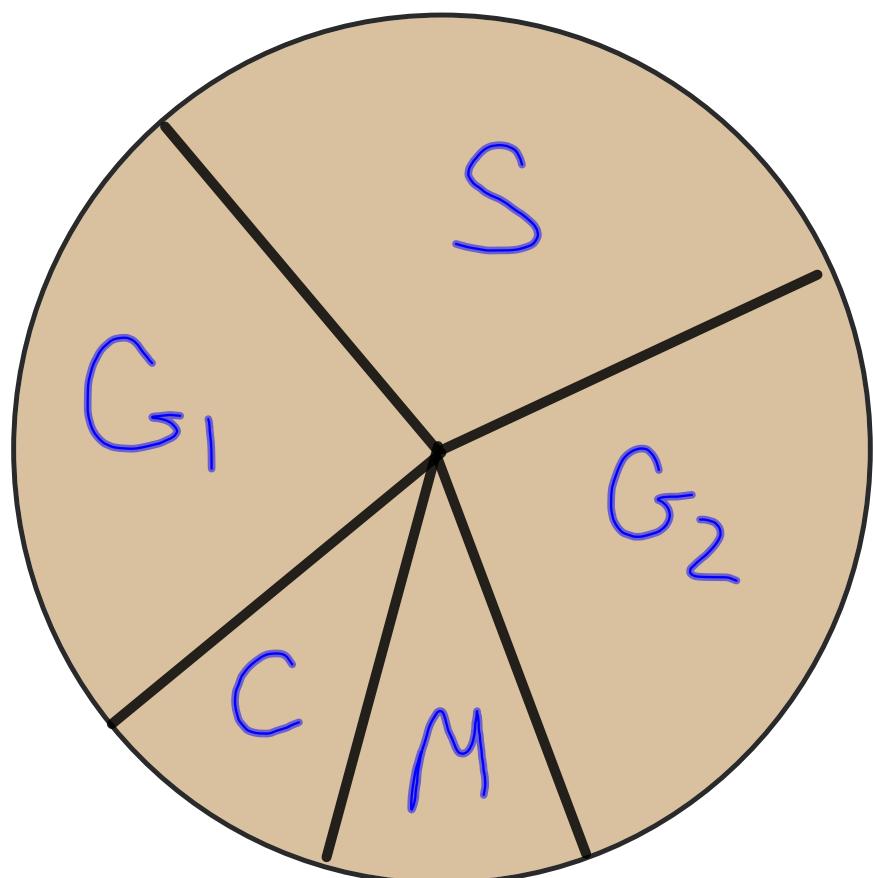
# Notes on Chapter 6-2

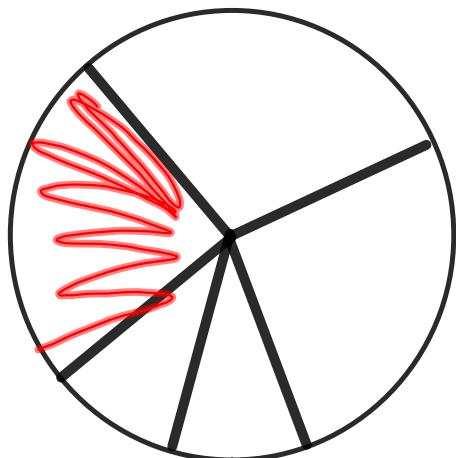
Cell Cycle is the cell division on a eukaryotic cell.



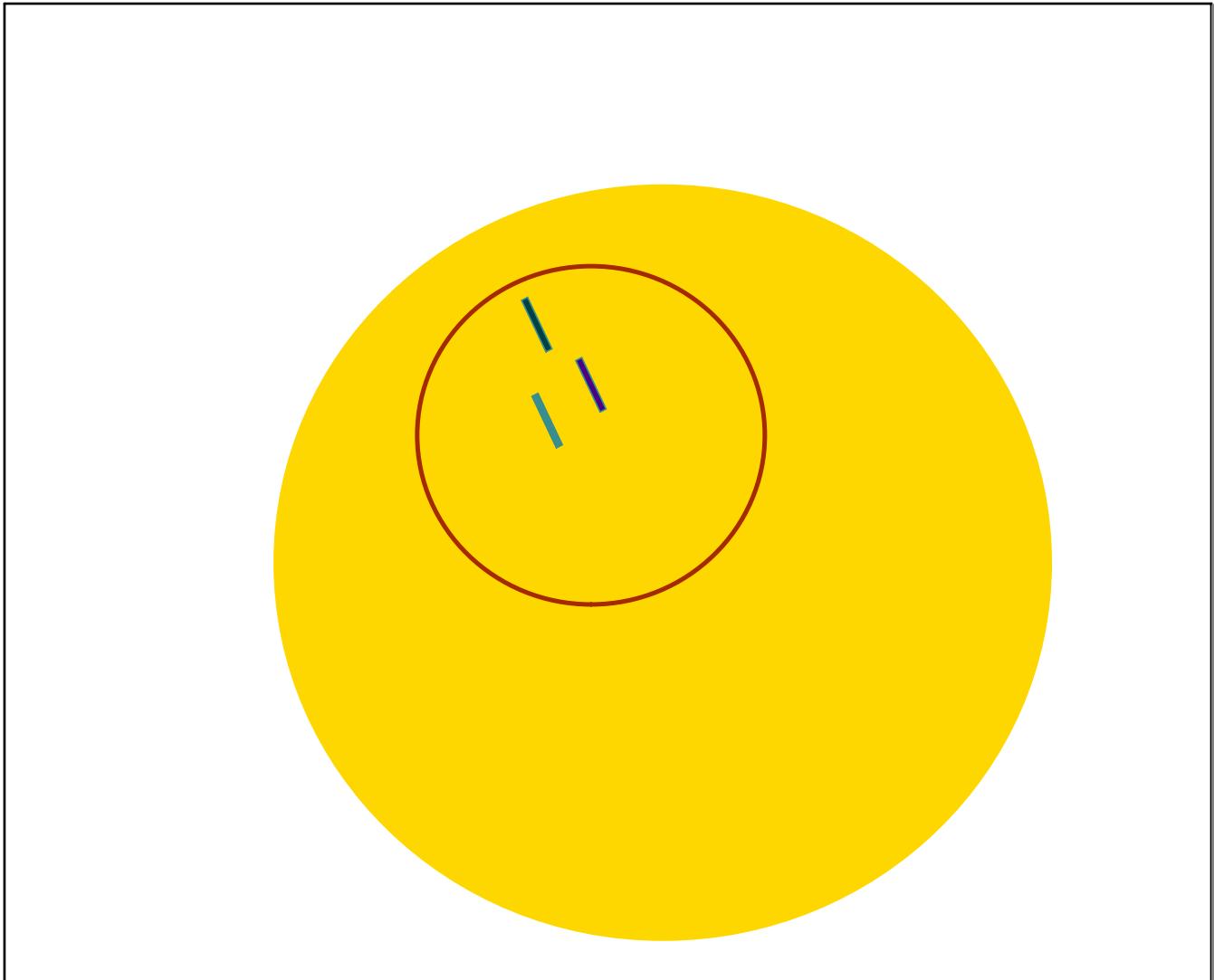
with nucleus

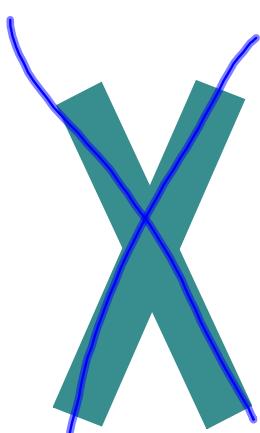
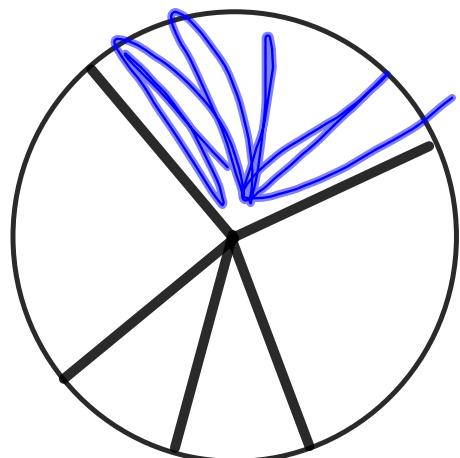
Cell cycle- a repeating sequence of cellular growth and division during the life of an organism.



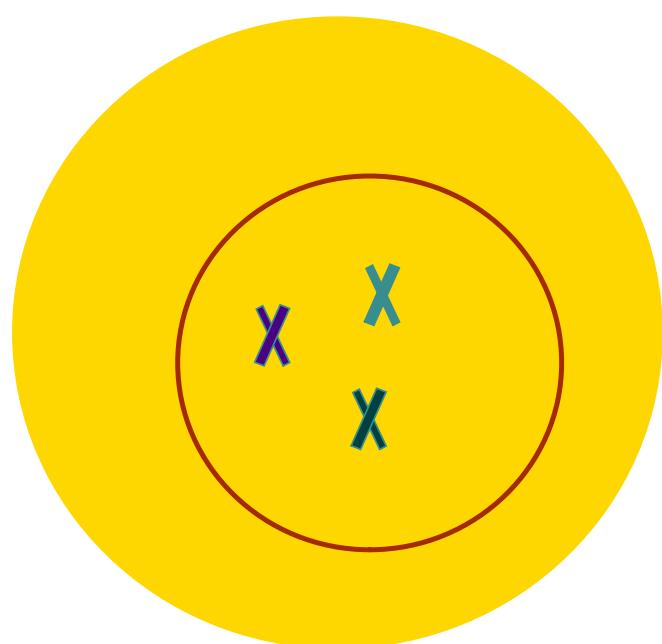


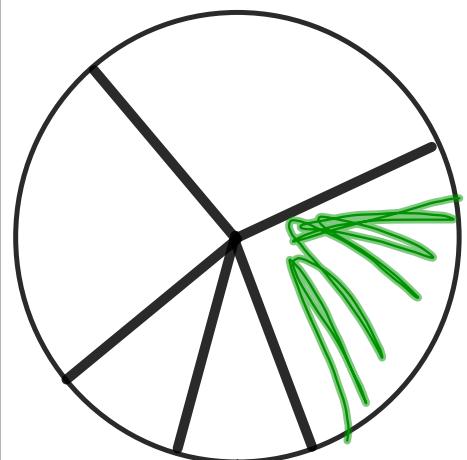
$G_1$  The first growth phase. A cell carries out its functions and grows.  
Cells that are not dividing stay in  $G_1$



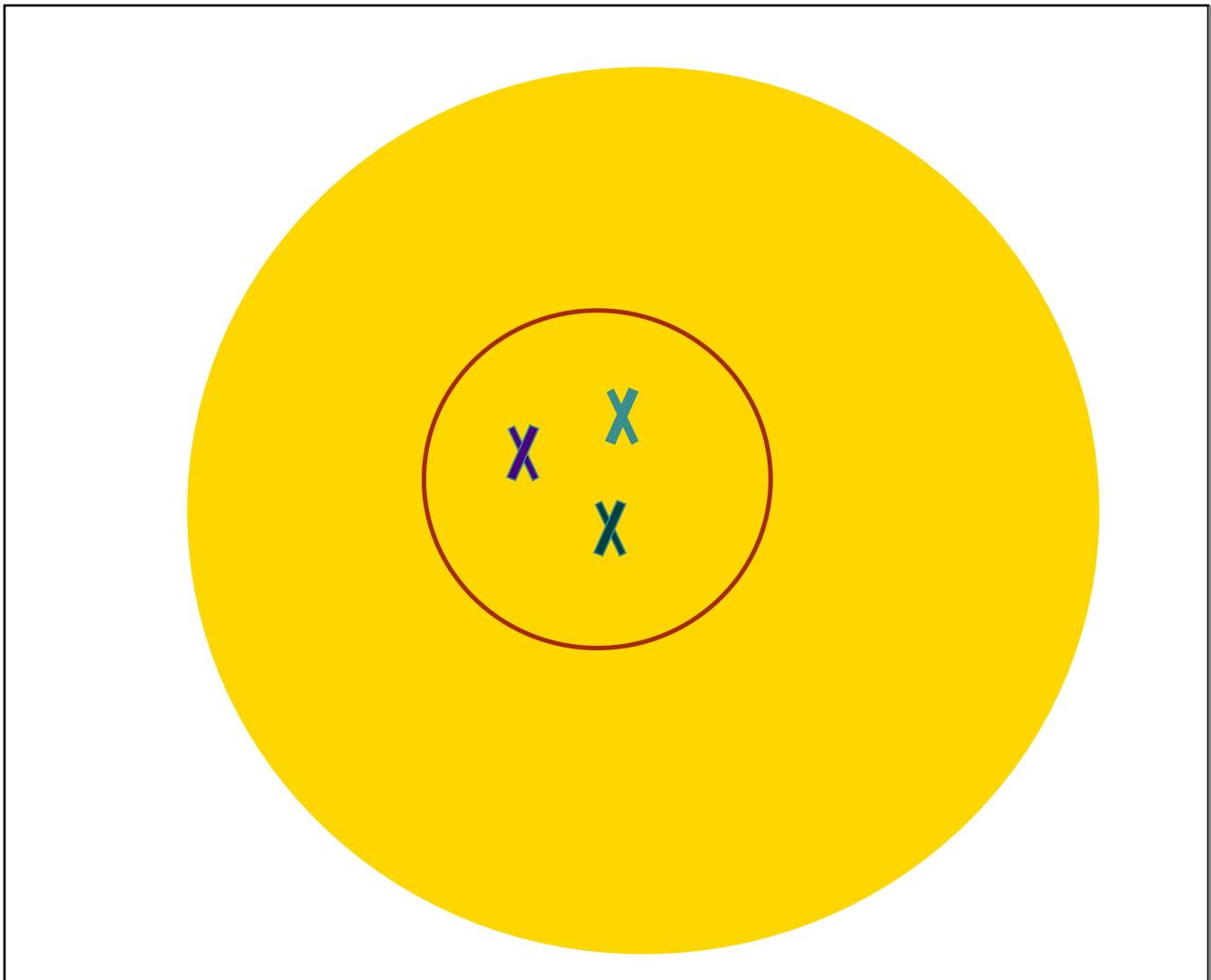


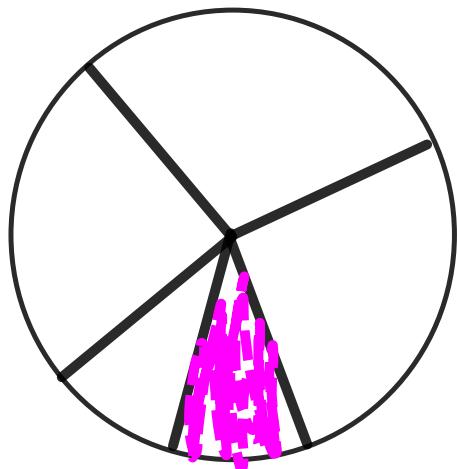
S phase- Synthesis- a cell's DNA is copied. At the end of this phase each chromosome consists of two chromatids attached at the centromere



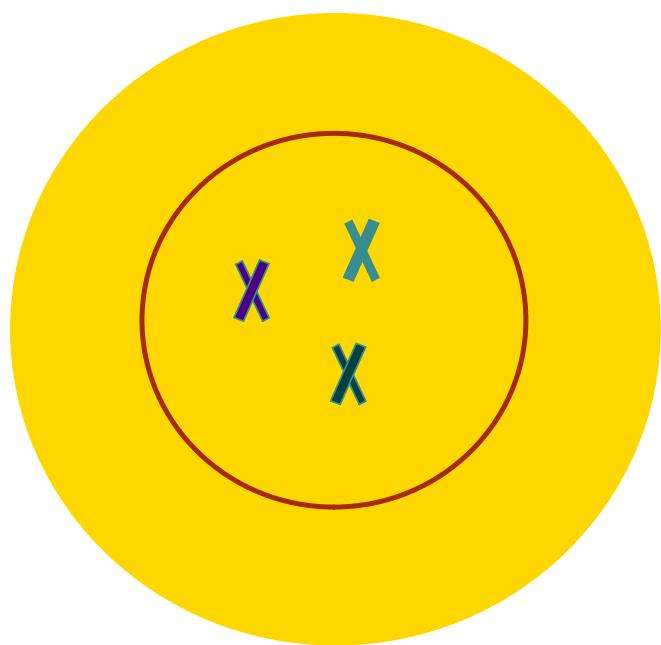


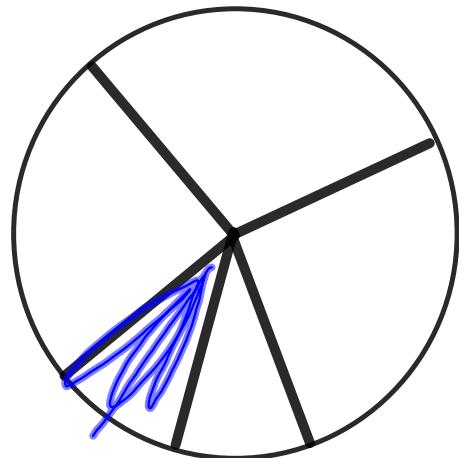
G<sub>2</sub> phase. The Q<sup>rd</sup> growth phase. The cell prepares to divide. Microtubules are assembled.





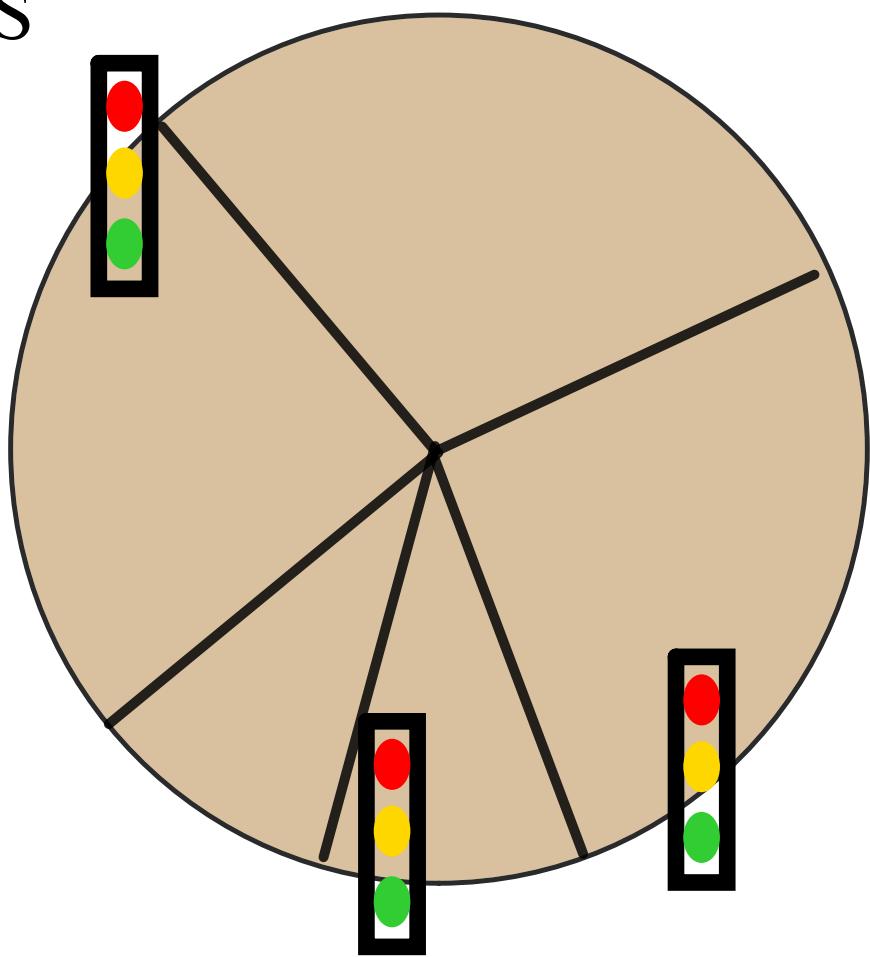
Mitosis- The process of cell division. The cell divides into two nuclei.

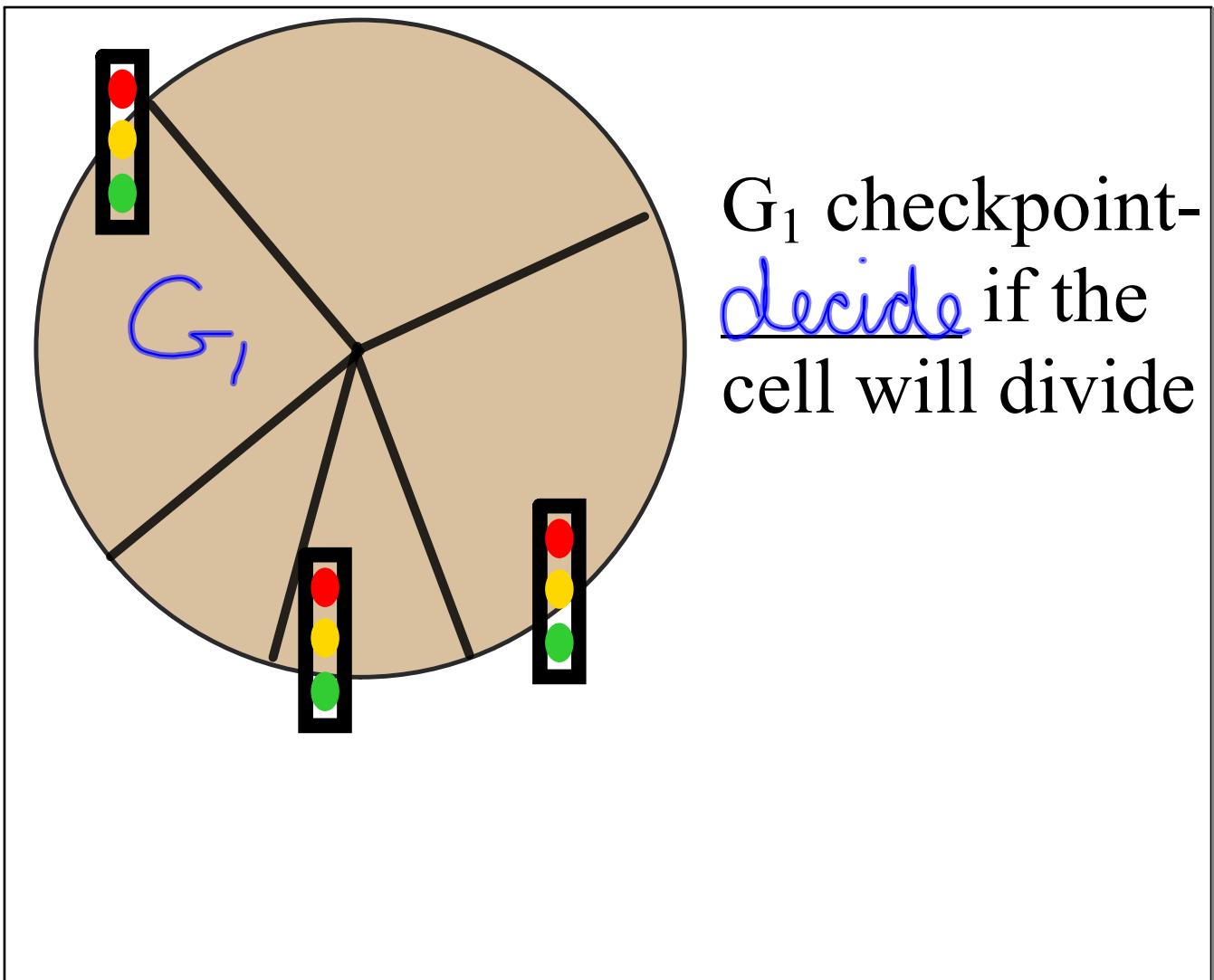


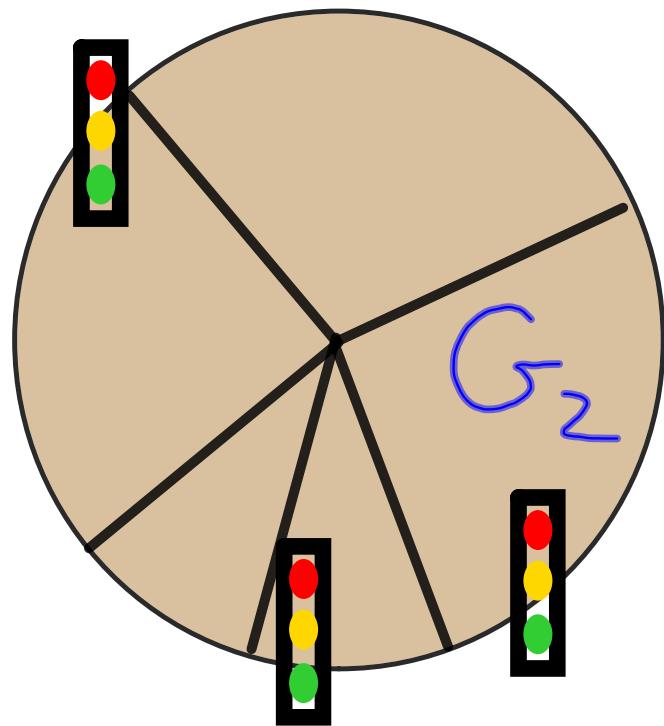


Cytokinesis- the  
process by  
which the  
cytoplasm  
divides.

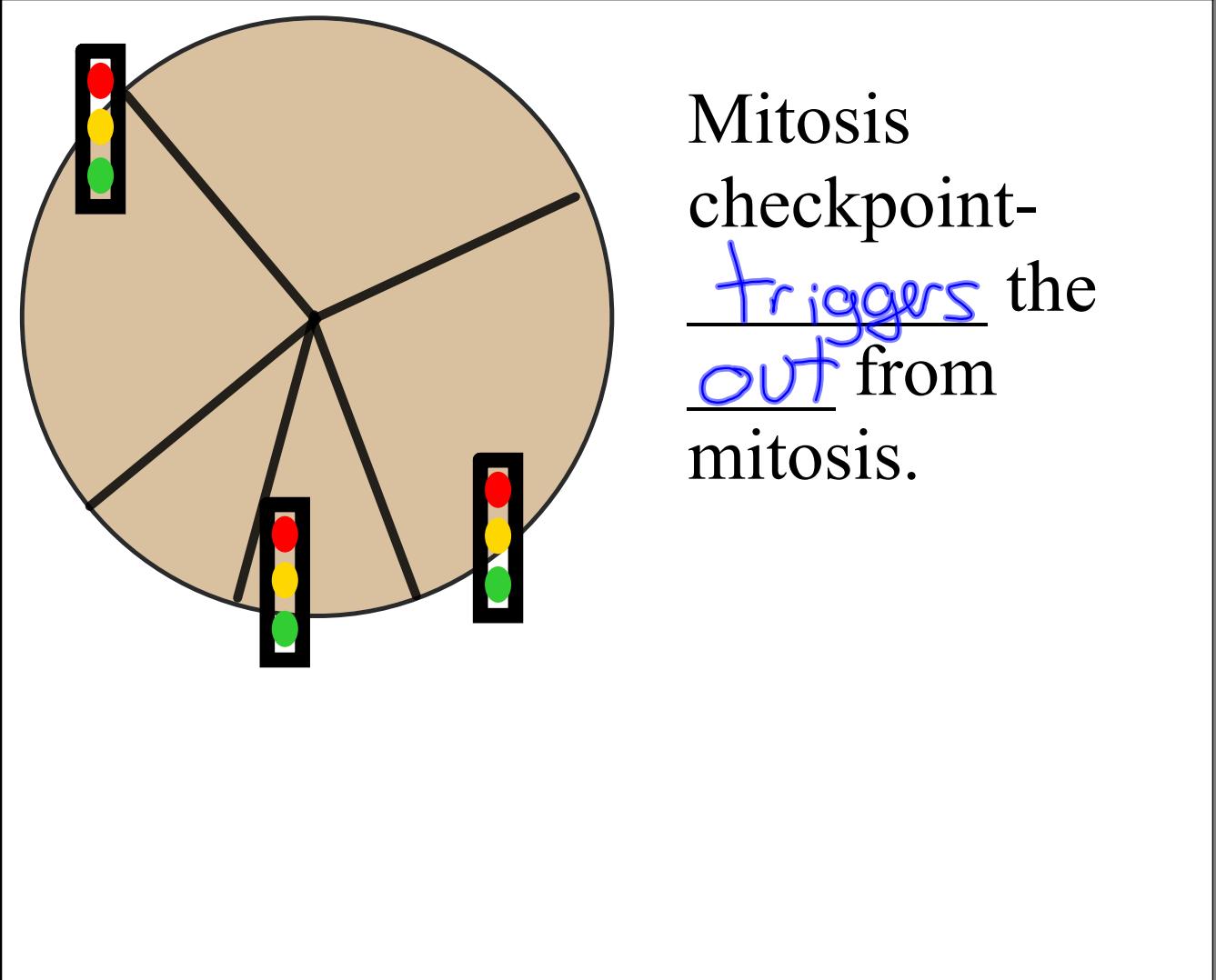
STOPS







G<sub>2</sub> checkpoint-DNA replication is checked at this point by DNA repair enzymes. If this check point is passed the cell enters mitosis.



Mitosis  
checkpoint-  
triggers the  
out from  
mitosis.

