-A sharks teeth are embedded in the gums, and they have multiple teeth that are replaced in their life time. Some sharks lose ______ in their life time. Tooth replacement can vary between ______ to a couple months. The shape of a sharks tooth is determined by its diet.

-Different from bony fish. A sharks body is made up of _______ is flexible and durable. And is about half the normal density as bone. Because sharks do not have rib cages, they can easily be crushed under their own weight on land. -Jaws of sharks, are ______ to the cranium. The jaw's

surface needs extra support due to its heavy exposure to

physical stress and its need for strength.

-Fin skeletons are ______ and supported with soft and unsegmented rays. Most sharks have ______. Sharks can only drift away from objects directly in front of them because their fins do not allow them to move in the tail-first direction.

-Provide thrust, making speed and acceleration dependent on tail shape. Shapes vary considerably between shark species, due to their evolution in separate environments.

-Sharks do not have gas-filled swim bladders for buoyancy. Instead, sharks rely on a large liver filled with_____. And their cartilage, which is about half the normal density of bone. Most sharks need to constantly swim in order to breathe and cannot sleep very long without sinking. -Sharks ______oxygen from seawater as it passes over their gills. Unlike other fish, shark gill slits are not covered, but lie in a row behind the head. While the shark is moving, water passes through the ______. While at rest, most sharks pump water over their gills to ensure a constant supply of oxygenated water.

-The food goes from the mouth to a ______stomach, where it's stored and digested. some never get past the stomach, instead the shark vomits or turns its stomachs inside out and gets rid of ______items from its mouth. Differences between the digestive systems of sharks and mammals is that sharks have much shorter intestines.

-Sharks have keen senses, located in the short duct between the anterior and posterior nasal openings. Sharks can tell the

______ of a scent based on the timing of scent detection in each nostril. This method is similar to how mammals determine direction of sound.

-Shark eyes are ______to the eyes of other vertebrates. Their eyesight is well ______to the marine environment. Many sharks can _____and contract their pupils, like humans. Sharks have eyelids, but don't blink because the surrounding water cleans their eyes.

-Sharks may have a ______ of hearing and can possibly hear prey from many miles away. A small opening on each side of their heads leads directly into the inner ear through a thin channel.

-Sharks are _____ reproducers, meaning they produce a small number of developed young as opposed to a large number of less developed young. Sharks mature slowly compared to other fish.