ALEC COLE

TOADS

TOADS

- Toads are _____ members of the order Anura and are characterized by dry leathery skin.
- Toads are only separated by frogs by common culture rather than scientific taxonomy.



APPEARANCE

- What separates frogs and toads is the toads ______ skin, that is covered in bumps often called warts.
- The bumps are not actually warts, nor are they an indication of disease or injury.
- No you can't catch warts from handling toads, it's a myth.



DIET

Toads are carnivores.

They will try to eat anything that moves.

Prey mostly includes; flies, caterpillars, wood lice, worms, beetles and even small _____

PREDATORS

Rodents

Cats

Birds



DEFENSE MECHANISMS

- Glands on the skin secrete a poison called _____.
- Toads take a defensive stand where they stand high with their rear in the air and head pointed down.



LIFE CYCLE

- Toads hatch from eggs as tadpoles.
- After two weeks they crawl out of the water to start their land based life.
- Takes ______ years for toads to reach maturity.



REPRODUCTION

- Females decide mates from the loudest croaking male.
- Croaks are essentially toad _____.
- Males mount the females in a form of mating called amplexus., where the males fertilize the eggs as the female layers them.



HABITAT

Toads live in damp, _____ climates

Near ponds, lakes or other bodies of fresh water

Toads _____ in winter, and mate in the spring.

TOADS IN CULTURE

- In Europe and North America toads were commonly associated with _____ and the devil.
- Toads were believed to be servants to witches, and used in spell recipes
- The Devils coat of arms has three toads on it.



RESORCES

- https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Toad, 2/29/16
- https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/ Common_toad#Distribution_and_habitat 3/1/16