Subphylum Uniramia Mostly terrestrial arthropods with <u>Chewing</u>mouth parts

Insecta (insects) Diplopoda (millipedes) Chilopoda (centipedes) Insect Body Plan Head: has the specialized <u>moothport</u>, one pair of antennae, compound <u>eye</u>

Thorax: three fused segments usually with \_\_\_\_\_\_ pairs of jointed legs and

wings

Abdomen: 9-11 segments



## Metamorphosis: dramatic physical change

Egg hatches into a juvenile (nymph) a small wingless adult CX: grashopp



## Flight An insect's wing develop from saclike outgrowths of the $bod_{M}$ wall of the The veins in the wings carry air not In most insects only pair of wings are used for flight.

## Social Insects

Order Hymenoptera and Order Isoptera have evolved elaborate  $Cost_c$  systems There are marked division of labor with specific  $\underline{Conct}$  in a colony. Caste- role of an  $\underline{Menbers}$  of the colony are sterile. Insect Relatives Centipedes have 1 pair of legs per segment and can have up to 173 segments. They are also Carnivores

Millipedes have two sets of legs per segments and can have from 11 to more than 100 segments. They are also