



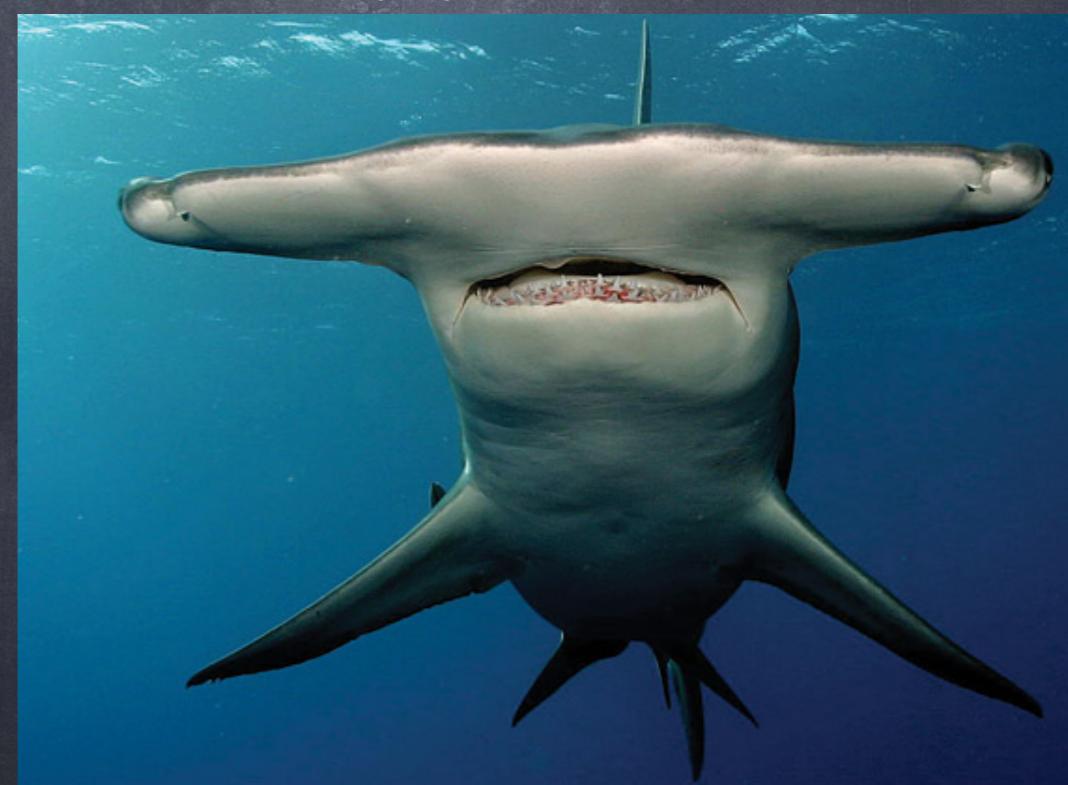
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# Shark Notes

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Phylum:

Class:

- ④ Sharks are characterized by:
  1. a \_\_\_\_\_ skeleton (having a skeleton composed either entirely or mainly of cartilage)
  2. five to seven gill \_\_\_\_\_ on the sides of the head
  3. \_\_\_\_\_ fins that are not fused to the head

- Sharks can go for \_\_\_\_\_ periods of time without eating
- Liver- Large, \_\_\_\_\_ liver that have 2 main functions:
  1. Helps \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Keeps the shark \_\_\_\_\_
- The posterior tail is the sharks propeller
- Pectoral fins steady the shark
- Gills- they either have 5, 6, or 7

- Reproduction:

- Males have a clasper that sperm travels down into an opening into the females body where her \_\_\_\_\_ are.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (producing young by means of eggs that are hatched within the body of the parent)
- \_\_\_\_\_ (live young that have developed inside the body of the parent)
- \_\_\_\_\_ (eggs that are hatched after they have been laid by the parent)

- New born sharks are born and then left to defend for themselves

• Size- varies for 6 inches to \_\_\_\_ feet. They average about 3 feet depending on species

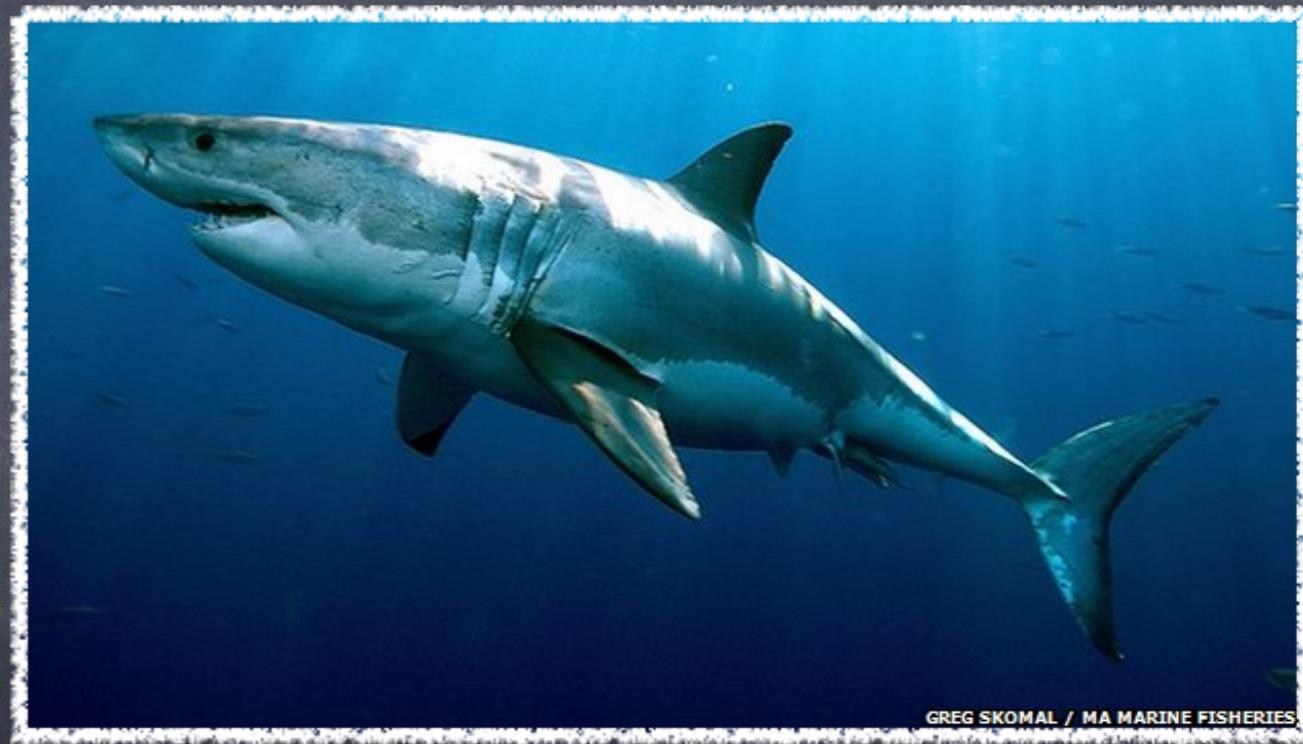
• There are \_\_\_\_ orders of fish:

- Squatiniformes
- Pristiophoriformes
- Squaliformes
- Carcharhiniformes
- Lamniformes
- Orectolobiformes
- Heterodontiformes
- Hexanchiformes

- They do not have scales. They have \_\_\_\_\_ denticles (skin teeth)
- Sharks have great eye sight but it is even better at \_\_\_\_\_
- All sharks have a row of tiny receptors called \_\_\_\_\_. These sensors help to detect prey
- Their ears are on the inside of their head

# Great White Shark

- Also known as the white shark  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Order- Lamniformes
- Family- \_\_\_\_\_
- Size- up to about 25 ft and about \_\_\_\_\_ tons



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- Habitat- lives in cool temperatures inshore, offshore, and open oceans
- Diet- they eat anything below them in the food \_\_\_\_\_, including other sharks
- Reproduction- they are ovoviviparous and usually have up to \_\_\_\_\_ young born after a 12 month gestation

# Smooth Hammerhead Sharks

- Order- Carcharhiniformes
- Family- Sphyrnidae
- Size- Up to 10 feet long



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- Habitat- costal to open seas, lives in tropical and temperate waters.
- Diet- eats mostly \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. They also eat offal and other dead matter.
- Offal- the entrails and internal organs of an animal used as food.
- Reproduction- ovoviviparous, they can have up to \_\_\_\_\_ young, they are born with their 'hammer' folded.

# Thresher Shark

- Order- Lamniformes
- Family- Lamnidae
- Size- Up to 18 to 20 feet long and about 1,500 lbs.



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- Habitat- costal zone to far offshore in tropical and temperate waters.
- Diet- they eat mainly \_\_\_\_\_ fish, squid, octopuses, and dead sea crustaceans.
- Reproduction- ovoviviparous, 2 to 4 young, and an \_\_\_\_\_ gestation period.